

References

1. Ossard H, Thébault R-G, Vrillon J-L, Allain D and de Rochambeau H. Economic Overview of the French and World Markets for Angora Rabbit Wool, European Fine Fibre Network, Occasional Publication No: 5, 1995, pp. 35-47
2. Von Bergen W and Krauss W. *Textile Fibre Atlas: A Collection of Photomicrographs of Common Textile Fibres*. American Wool Handbook Company, New York, 1942.
3. Jhala PB, Nema SK, and Mukherjee S. Innovative atmospheric plasma technology for improving angora cottage industry's competitiveness.
<http://www.fibre2fashion.com/industry-article/pdffiles/17/1637.pdf> / 10.07.2013
4. Dalton J and Franck RR. Cashmere, camelhair and other hair fibres. In: Franck RR (Ed.) *Silk, mohair, cashmere and other luxury fibres* Woodhead Publishing Ltd and CRC Press LLC, U.S.A, 2000, pp. 162-174.
5. Herrmann S, Wortmann G and Wortmann FJ. Characteristics of Angora Rabbit fibre 1-the influence of fibre origin on fibre and medulla diameter in Angora wool. *World Rabbit Science* 1996; 4: 149-153.
6. Atav R. PhD Thesis (Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Abbas Yurdakul), Ege University Textile Engineering Department, Izmir, Turkey, February 2009.
7. Atav R and Ozdogan E. Tavsan soyuna ait hayvanlardan elde edilen lifler – Angora. *Tekstil ve Konfeksiyon* 2004; 14: 75-80.
8. Atav R and Yurdakul A. Solvent assisted low temperature dyeing. Part I: Results for mohair (Angora Goat) fibres. *Fibres and Textiles in Eastern Europe* 2011; 19 6(89): 112-117.
9. Shao J, Liua J and Carr CM. Investigation into the synergistic effect between uv/ozone exposure and peroxide pad-batch bleaching on the printability of wool. *Color. Technol.* 2001; 117: 270-275.
10. Akalın M, Merdan N, Kocak D, et al. Effects of ultrasonic energy on the wash fastness of reactive dyes. *Ultrasonics* 2004; 42: 161-164.
11. Kamel MM, El-Shistawy RM, Hana, HL, et al. Ultrasonic-assisted dyeing: I. Nylon dyeability with reactive dyes. *Polym. Int.* 2003; 52: 373-380.
12. Vajnhandl S, and Le Marechal AM. Ultrasound in textile dyeing and the decoloration/mineralization of textile dyes. *Dyes Pigm.* 2005; 65: 89-101.
13. <http://www.ntcresearch.org/pdf-rpts/anrp98/c95-g13.pdf> / 12.08.2008
14. Kamel MM, El-Shishtawy RM, Yussef BM, et al. Ultrasonic assisted dyeing III. Dyeing of wool with lac as a natural dye. *Dyes Pigm.* 2005; 65: 103-110.

15. El-Shishtawy RM, Kamel MM, Hana HL, et al. Ahmed, Ultrasonic-assisted dyeing: II. Nylon fibre structure and comparative dyeing rate with reactive dyes. *Polym. Int.* 2003; 52: 381-388.
16. Kamel MM, El-Shishtawy RM, Yussef BM, et al. Ultrasonic assisted dyeing: IV. Dyeing of cationised cotton with lac natural dye. *Dyes Pigm.* 2007; 73: 279-284.
17. Kamel MM, Helmy HM, Mashaly HM, et al. Ultrasonic assisted dyeing: Dyeing of acrylic fabrics C.I. Astrazon Basic Red 5BL 200%. *Ultrason. Sonochem.* 2010; 17: 92-97.
18. Atav R and Yurdakul A. The Use of Ultrasound in Dyeing of Mohair Fibres. In: *11th World Textile Conference AUTEX*, Moulhouse-France, 8-10 June 2011, pp. 277-280
19. Perincek S, Bahtiyari MI, Körlü AE, et al. Effect of ozone and ultrasound on the fibre properties of angora rabbit. *J. Appl. Polym. Sci.* 2011; 120: 3119-3125.
20. McNeil, S.J., McCall, R.A., Ultrasound for Wool Dyeing and Finishing. *Ultrasonics Sonochemistry* 2011; 18, 401-406.
21. Ferrero, F., Periolatto, M., Ultrasound for Low Temperature Dyeing of Wool with Acid Dye. *Ultrasonics Sonochemistry* 2012; 19, 601-606,
22. Pailthorpe MT. The theoretical basis for wool dyeing. In: Lewis DM (Ed.) *Wool Dyeing* Society of Dyers and Colourists 1992, pp. 69.