

- ance values higher than corresponding values of the plain fabrics.
5. When compared with the fabrics woven from solid fibres, the water vapour and air permeabilities of the fabrics woven from hollow fibres were lower because of their greater thickness, lower porosity and closer structure.
  6. The water vapour and air permeability results of the fabrics produced from trilobal fibres were higher than corresponding results of the fabrics produced from round fibres because of the compact structure of the yarns spun from these fibres.
  7. The twill fabrics showed higher values of water vapour and air permeabilities than the plain fabrics due to their higher porosity.
  8. The twill fabrics produced from solid trilobal fibres (T-T) had the lowest value of thermal conductivity and the highest values of relative water vapour and air permeability.



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